





G20 BIOECONOMY TECHNICAL BRIEFING

Mbombela Campus, University of Mpumalanga

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Solidarity
Equality

Sustainability



WHY METRICS MATTER

Transparency
It promotes Trust
Trade



Alignment & Transparency

Speak a common language on productive & climate-smart agriculture



Performance & Impacts

Understand relative and absolute performance over time, pointing to potential positive and negative impacts





Prioritisation

Shows where to focus efforts and investment





Agility

Make better, faster, data-driven decisions





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SUGARCANE AS A FORCE FOR GOOD



It's the world's largest agricultural plant by biomass – grown in over 100 countries.



Its production supports an estimated 100 million people.



Over 80% of the world's sugar comes from sugarcane.



It's versatile – used in the production of food, rum, sustainable aviation fuel, packaging, and clothing.



It's extremely efficient at converting solar energy into chemical energy.



...making sugarcane an extremely important crop for the bioeconomy



EVOLUTION OF THE BONSUCRO STANDARD



To collectively accelerate the sustainable production and uses of sugarcane



The Initiative (2005-10)



The Certification Scheme (2011-15)





A multi-stakeholder initiative drawn from all parts of the sugarcane sector with an interest in sustainability.



The first ever metric-based Standard for an agricultural feedstock.



Strategic aims correspond to three pillars of sustainable development.

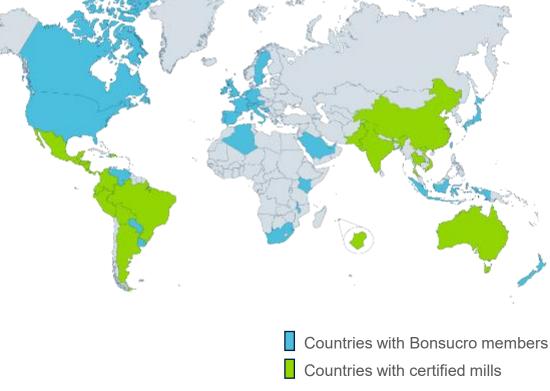




THE LEADING GLOBAL SUSTAINABILITY PLATFORM AND STANDARD FOR SUGARCANE



- 330+ members in 50+ countries
- 2.36 million hectares of certified sugarcane land
- 264 certified mills
- Bonsucro certified sugarcane represented
 7.8% of global production in 2022-23





Data from March 2024





IMPROVE THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT OF SUGARCANE

14%

lower GHG emissions by certified producers

41%

lower water use by farms*



CREATE VALUE IN THE SUPPLY CHAIN

26%

more land growing Bonsucro certified sugarcane

14,000+

Certified smallholder farmers (+600 in 2023)

11.2 million

tonnes of certified sugar produced – up by 18%



STRENGTHEN HUMAN RIGHTS AND DECENT WORK IN SUGARCANE CULTIVATION AND MILLING

21%

fewer accidents on certified farms and 17% fewer in certified mills*

120,000

farm workers received personal protective equipment

*after 5 years of Bonsucro certification





USING THE BONSUCRO CALCULATOR

300 data points in the Bonsucro calculator used to generate:

50+
input metrics

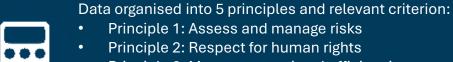
e.g., total water applied, rainfall, working hours, wages, energy-use in mill, sugar recovery rates

13 output metrics

e.g., yield (t/ha), water-use efficiency, GHG emissions per tonne of product, % area free from conversion of natural ecosystems

Each output metric has a threshold, which needs to be met to be certified.





- Principle 3: Manage operational efficiencies
- Principle 4: Actively manage biodiversity
- Principle 5: Continuously improve



DEVELOPMENT AND EVOLUTION OF METRICS

v4

WP = (kg(sugarcane)/ha/mm

Measure was ≥ 90

- Measure of all irrigation water applied.
- Did not consider local growing conditions and rainfall.

v5.1

WP = (kg(sugarcane)/ha/mm

Measure was ≥ 66 + 0.05 Rainfall

Measurement refined to assess total water including vinasse, wastewater, etc.

v5.2

WPo and Wpa = (CY * 1000) / Irr

Latest measure is WPa ≥ WPo

Used SASRI's
 MyCanesim model and
 made it internationally
 applicable.







HOW DOES BONSUCRO MEASURE IMPACT AND DRIVE CLIMATE ACTION?

Aligned with



- Required to develop a climate mitigation and adaptation plan
- Contains thresholds on GHG emissions.











- · GHG emissions
- Soil carbon content
- Water-use
- Living Wage











 Sets science-based targets for reducing emissions in sugarcane production.



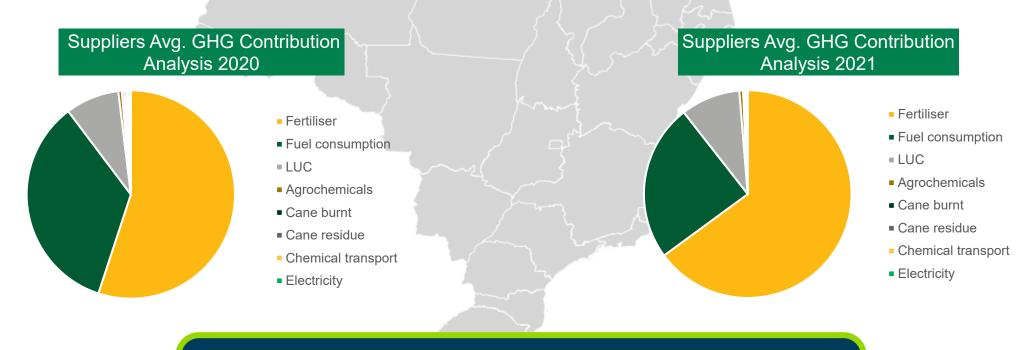


Forest, Land and Agriculture (FLAG) climate targets



METRICS TO UNDERSTAND PERFORMANCE AND IMPACT

Net GHG emissions per tonne of cane (kg CO₂ eq/t cane) Standard: <40





Fertilisers, fuel consumption and land-use change have been the three main components of suppler GHG in Brazil.



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TURNING DATA INTO DECISION-MAKING



Helping planners and policymakers to understand the implications of various land-use choices.



Supporting businesses to understand and address the risks in their supply chains.



Enabling sustainability systems to strengthen their standards and maximise their impact.



Supporting better design and implementation of sustainability policies and practices to maximise the benefits and minimize trade-offs.



Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft: Confédération suisse Confederazion svizra

Federal Department of Economic Affairs, Education and Research EAER State Secretariat for Economic Affairs SECO College of Food, Agricultural and Natural Resource Sciences University of Minnesota

Swiss Confederation



















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IMPROVING THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT OF SUGARCANE

If all the sugarcane used by a major corporation was produced to the Bonsucro Production Standard...

93%

Reduction in conversion of forests, grasslands, and savannahs.

90%

Reduction in GHG emissions from land-use change.

66%

Reduction in GHG emissions from sugarcane cultivation.

50%

Reduction in water-use.



Federal Department of Economic Affairs, Education and Research EAER State Secretariat for Economic Affairs SECO College of Food, Agricultural and Natural Resource Sciences UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA

Swiss Confederation



















LESSONS LEARNED

Challenges

- Cost
- Inclusivity (macro- and micro-level)
- Accessibility
- Harder to measure metrics (i.e., social issues)

Benefits

- Consensus-building
- Transparency
- Sector-wide improvement

Opportunities

- Investment in data governance
- Not just for certification but sustainability and productivity of supply
- Alignment of standards and metrics with international frameworks









AMPLIFYING WHAT WORKS: WORKING TOGETHER FOR LASTING IMPACT

- There's a growing number of sustainability standards for biofuels and biomaterials across voluntary schemes and legislation.
- There is often misalignment in terms of requirements and methodology which can create challenges in interpretation and comparison.
- Transparency and convergence are key factors for building credibility and actionable insights.
- Working together and building on existing schemes can accelerate the bioeconomy with trusted sustainability claims.









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Thank you